






WAC232 - Carbon Force Ceramic Paint Coating System

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 GHS Product identifier:** WAC232 - Carbon Force Ceramic Paint Coating System
- Other means of identification:**
Non-applicable
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**
Relevant uses (Consumer use): Bodywork cleaning
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**
Chemical Guys
3501 Sepulveda Blvd
90505 Torrance - California - United States
Phone: 866-822-3670 - Fax: 310-988-1061
info@ChemicalGuys.com
www.ChemicalGuys.com
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** 866-822-3670

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
- 29 CFR 1910.1200:**
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
- 2.2 Label elements:**
- 29 CFR 1910.1200:**
Danger
-   
- Hazard statements:**
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- Precautionary statements:**
P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P264: Wash thoroughly after use.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/protective footwear.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers according to the local, state and federal regulations.
- Substances that contribute to the classification**
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS: 64742-48-9); Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph (CAS: 64742-96-7); Polydimethylsiloxane, (((3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl)silyldiyl)tris(oxy))tris-, methoxy-terminated (CAS: 67923-07-3); Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (CAS: 556-67-2)
- Additional labeling:**

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SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)



WARNING

Keep out of the reach of children

Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) >> Chronic toxicity (Reproductive Toxicants)

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep out of reach of children. Store locked up.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Contains : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS 64742-48-9); Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph (CAS 64742-96-7); Polydimethylsiloxane, (((3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl)silyldiyl)tris(oxy))tris-, methoxy-terminated (CAS 67923-07-3); Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (CAS 556-67-2).

This product can expose you to chemicals including methanol, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) >> Irritant (dermal)

May irritate skin. Do not get on skin or clothing. Keep out of reach of children.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

If on skin, rinse well with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Contains : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS 64742-48-9); Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph (CAS 64742-96-7); Polydimethylsiloxane, (((3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl)silyldiyl)tris(oxy))tris-, methoxy-terminated (CAS 67923-07-3); Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (CAS 556-67-2).

Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) >> Combustible.

Combustible. Keep away from flames or sparks.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Aqueous mixture composed of additives

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Danger	25 - <50 %
CAS: 64742-96-7	Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 4: H227 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS: Trade Secret	Proprietary Copolymer Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 90622-58-5	Alkanes, C11-15-iso- Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 4: H227 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 102782-92-3	Poly[3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl]methyl(dimethyl)siloxan, methoxy terminated Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 67-63-0	propan-2-ol Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	1 - <2.5 %
CAS: 556-67-2	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Repr. 2: H361 - Warning	1 - <2.5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

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SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

For accidental releases in excess of reportable quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802.

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in fixed places that comply with the necessary security conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to containers of small amounts. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F

Maximum Temp.: 86 °F

Maximum time: 6 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be assessed in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	TLV-TWA	200 ppm
	TLV-STEL	400 ppm	

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9	PEL	400 ppm
STEL			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph CAS: 64742-96-7	PEL	400 ppm	1600 mg/m ³
	STEL		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m ³
	STEL	500 ppm	1225 mg/m ³

NIOSH: Immediately Dangerous To Life or Health (IDLH) Values:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	TWA	
	IDLH Value	2000 ppm	

Biological limit values:

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	40 mg/L	Acetone in urine	End of shift at end of workweek

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

If the working conditions and/or safety measures adopted do not allow keeping the airborne concentration of the product below the exposure limits (if any) or at acceptable levels (if no exposure limits exist), suitable respiratory protection equipment chosen by a qualified professional should be used.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Non-applicable

D.- Eye and face protection

Non-applicable

E.- Bodily protection

Non-applicable

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

It is not necessary to take additional emergency measures.

Environmental exposure controls:

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F:	Liquid
Appearance:	Colorless
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	385 °F
Vapour pressure at 68 °F:	313 Pa
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	1636.29 Pa (1.64 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 68 °F:	863.3 kg/m ³
Relative density at 68 °F:	0.863
Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	<20.5 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	8.75
Vapour density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	>108 °F
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	437 °F
Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable *
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9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *

*Non-applicable due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Non-applicable *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 68 °F: Non-applicable *

Refraction index: Non-applicable *

*Non-applicable due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph (3); propan-2-ol (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9	LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph CAS: 64742-96-7	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	LD50 oral	61440 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	10000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LD50 oral	>5840 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>13900 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>25 mg/L (6 h)	Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LC50	9640 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	10000 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	LC50	0.022 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	0.015 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	0.022 mg/L (96 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	NOEC	>0.01 - 0.1 mg/L		Fish
	NOEC	>0.01 - 0.1 mg/L		Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BOD5	1.19 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.23 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.53	% Biodegradable	86 %
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	10 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	29 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	4 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.05
	Potential	Low
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	BCF	12400
	Pow Log	6.5
	Potential	Very High

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Alkanes, C11-15-iso- CAS: 90622-58-5	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.6E-2 N/m (68 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	Koc	1.5	Henry	8.207E-1 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.24E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	Koc	16600	Henry	1200000 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Immobile	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	1.819E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

The next characteristic per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material: Ignitability. The next EPA hazardous waste number could apply: D001.
Wastes generated by normal household activities (e.g., routine house and yard maintenance) are excluded from the definition of hazardous waste (Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 261.4)

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282.

State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7; Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
14.5 Marine pollutant: Yes
14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

49 CFR 173.150: A flammable liquid with a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) that does not meet the definition of any other hazard class may be reclassified as a combustible liquid. This provision does not apply to transportation by vessel or aircraft, except where other means of transportation is impracticable. It can be shipped as a non-hazardous material if the container is under 120 gallons. Under 49 CFR 171.4, Except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicles, rail cars, and aircraft

- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7; Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
14.5 Marine pollutant: Yes
14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Special regulations: 274, 223, 955

EmS Codes: F-E, S-E

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Non-applicable

- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7; Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** Yes
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)* ; *methanol (67-56-1)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: *methanol (67-56-1)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: Non-applicable
- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): *All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.*
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): *Poly[3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl]methyl(dimethyl)siloxan, methoxy terminated (102782-92-3)*
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: *methanol (67-56-1)* - U154
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): *methanol (67-56-1)*
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): *Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-48-9)* ; *Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph (64742-96-7)*
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : *All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.*
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): *propan-2-ol (67-63-0)* ; *methanol (67-56-1)*

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

It is recommended to use the information provided in this safety data sheet as a foundation for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments. These assessments will help establish the appropriate risk prevention measures for handling, using, storing, and disposing of this product.

Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 4: H227 - Combustible liquid.

Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Advice related to training:

According to 29 CFR 1910.1200, training on chemical hazards is necessary for employees using this product. This training will facilitate their understanding and interpretation of the safety data sheet, as well as the product label.

Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety data sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified. Finally, the manner in which this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET